

## Chapter 11: The Later Middle Ages

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Key Terms:** Create flashcards for the following terms. Include a description and the historical significance for each.

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|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Black Death              | 12. Joan of Arc        | 22. <i>Unam Sanctam</i> (1302) |
| 2. Giovanni Boccaccio       | 13. House of Lords     | 23. Avignon Papacy             |
| 3. Flagellants              | 14. House of Commons   | 24. Great Schism               |
| 4. Pogroms                  | 15. Estates-General    | 25. Conciliarism               |
| 5. <i>Ars Moriendi</i>      | 16. <i>Gabelle</i>     | 26. Council of Pisa (1409)     |
| 6. <i>Jacquerie</i>         | 17. <i>Taille</i>      | 27. Vernacular language        |
| 7. English Peasants' Revolt | 18. Holy Roman Empire  | 28. Dante Alighieri            |
| 8. Hundred Years' War       | 19. Golden Bull (1356) | 29. Petrarch                   |
| 9. Henry V of England       | 20. City-states        | 30. Geoffrey Chaucer           |
| 10. Battle of Agincourt     | 21. <i>Condottieri</i> | 31. Giotto                     |
| 11. Dauphin                 |                        |                                |

**Comprehension Questions:** Answer the following questions using your textbook handout and other resources.

1. What roles did the feudal system, the manor system, and the Catholic Church play in medieval life?
2. How did the Hundred Years' War bring about change militarily and politically?
3. To what extent did the Great Schism cause a loss of power in the Catholic Church?
4. What caused the spread of the Black Death in Europe?
5. What impact did the Black Death have on European society and economy?
6. How did changes in literature and art in the late Middle Ages signal a break from the old medieval style?